



Drug Coverage Policy

Effective Date 5/15/2026

Coverage Policy NumberIP0183

Policy Title.....Lyrica CR

Neurology – Lyrica CR

- Lyrica® CR (pregabalin extended-release tablets – Pfizer, generic)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna Companies and/or lines of business only provide utilization review services to clients and do not make coverage determinations. References to standard benefit plan language and coverage determinations do not apply to those clients. Coverage Policies are intended to provide guidance in interpreting certain standard benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Please note, the terms of a customer's particular benefit plan document [Group Service Agreement, Evidence of Coverage, Certificate of Coverage, Summary Plan Description (SPD) or similar plan document] may differ significantly from the standard benefit plans upon which these Coverage Policies are based. For example, a customer's benefit plan document may contain a specific exclusion related to a topic addressed in a Coverage Policy. In the event of a conflict, a customer's benefit plan document always supersedes the information in the Coverage Policies. In the absence of a controlling federal or state coverage mandate, benefits are ultimately determined by the terms of the applicable benefit plan document. Coverage determinations in each specific instance require consideration of 1) the terms of the applicable benefit plan document in effect on the date of service; 2) any applicable laws/regulations; 3) any relevant collateral source materials including Coverage Policies and; 4) the specific facts of the particular situation. Each coverage request should be reviewed on its own merits. Medical directors are expected to exercise clinical judgment where appropriate and have discretion in making individual coverage determinations. Where coverage for care or services does not depend on specific circumstances, reimbursement will only be provided if a requested service(s) is submitted in accordance with the relevant criteria outlined in the applicable Coverage Policy, including covered diagnosis and/or procedure code(s). Reimbursement is not allowed for services when billed for conditions or diagnoses that are not covered under this Coverage Policy (see "Coding Information" below). When billing, providers must use the most appropriate codes as of the effective date of the submission. Claims submitted for services that are not accompanied by covered code(s) under the applicable Coverage Policy will be denied as not covered. Coverage Policies relate exclusively to the administration of health benefit plans. Coverage Policies are not recommendations for treatment and should never be used as treatment guidelines. In certain markets, delegated vendor guidelines may be used to support medical necessity and other coverage determinations.

OVERVIEW

Pregabalin extended-release tablets, an analog of gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA), are indicated for the following uses:¹

- **Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN)**, management in adults.
- **Postherpetic neuralgia (PHN)**, management in adults.

The efficacy of pregabalin extended-release tablets has not been established for the management of fibromyalgia or as adjunctive therapy for adults with partial onset seizures.¹

Gabapentin immediate release (IR), an analog of GABA, is indicated for the following uses:²

- **Partial onset seizures**, with and without secondary generalization, as adjunctive therapy in adults and pediatric patients ≥ 3 years of age with epilepsy.
- **PHN**, management in adults.

Pregabalin IR capsules and oral solution are indicated for the following uses:³

- **Fibromyalgia**, management in adults.
- **Neuropathic pain associated with DPN**, management in adults.
- **Neuropathic pain associated with spinal cord injury**, management in adults.
- **Partial onset seizures**, as adjunctive therapy for the treatment in patients ≥ 1 month of age.
- **PHN**, management in adults.

Disease Overview

PHN is the persistence of the pain of herpes zoster > 3 months after resolution of the rash; it is relatively common, affecting approximately 13% of those ≥ 50 years of age with herpes zoster.⁴ Administration of antiviral agents within 72 hours of the onset of herpes zoster can reduce the intensity and duration of acute illness and can prevent PHN. Efforts to prevent herpes zoster and PHN are important because almost one-half of patients with PHN do not respond to any treatment.

Diabetic neuropathies are a heterogeneous group of disorders with diverse clinical manifestations.⁵ The early recognition and appropriate management of neuropathy in the patient with diabetes is important. Up to 50% of DPN may be asymptomatic. Painful diabetic neuropathy affects 16% of patients with diabetes, and it is frequently unreported (12.5%) and more frequently untreated (39%).⁶ If not recognized and if preventive foot care is not implemented, patients are at risk for injuries to their insensate feet.⁵ Recognition and treatment of autonomic neuropathy may improve symptoms, reduce sequelae, and improve quality of life. Therapeutic strategies (pharmacologic and nonpharmacologic) for the relief of painful DPN can potentially reduce pain and improve quality of life.

Guidelines

Various guidelines for the treatment of DPN, neuropathic pain, PHN, and restless legs syndrome recommend gabapentin or pregabalin immediate-release as treatment options.⁴⁻¹¹ Guidelines do not address pregabalin extended-release tablets.

Coverage Policy

Policy Statement

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of pregabalin extended-release tablets. This Prior Authorization Policy also contains a preferred product requirement. When clinically appropriate, the patient is directed to try gabapentin immediate-release (brand [Neurontin] or generic) or generic immediate-release pregabalin AND generic pregabalin extended-release tablets prior to brand Lyrica CR. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below.

Pregabalin extended-release tablets are considered medically necessary when ONE of the following criteria are met:

FDA-Approved Indications

1. Neuropathic Pain Associated with Diabetic Peripheral Neuropathy. Approve pregabalin extended-release tablets for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A and B):

- A)** Patient has tried gabapentin immediate-release (brand [Neurontin] or generic) or generic immediate-release pregabalin; AND
- B)** If brand Lyrica CR is requested, the patient meets BOTH of the following (i and ii):

- i. Patient has tried generic pregabalin extended-release tablets; AND
 - ii. Patients cannot continue to use the generic due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., differences in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product, which, according to the prescriber, would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.
- 2. Postherpetic Neuralgia.** Approve pregabalin extended-release tablets for 1 year if the patient meets the following (A and B):
- A)** Patient has tried gabapentin immediate-release (brand [Neurontin] or generic) or generic immediate-release pregabalin; AND
 - B)** If brand Lyrica CR is requested, the patient meets BOTH of the following (i and ii):
 - i. Patient has tried generic pregabalin extended-release tablets; AND
 - ii. Patient cannot continue to use generic due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., differences in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product, which, according to the prescriber, would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

Conditions Not Covered

Pregabalin extended-release tablets for any other use is considered not medically necessary, including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):

- 1. Fibromyalgia.** A double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized withdrawal trial of pregabalin extended-release tablets in adults with fibromyalgia failed to demonstrate efficacy.¹
- 2. Partial Onset Seizures.** A double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomized trial of pregabalin extended-release tablets as adjunctive therapy in adults with partial onset seizures failed to demonstrate efficacy.¹
- 3. Restless Legs Syndrome.** No data are available for pregabalin extended-release tablets for the treatment of restless legs at this time.

References

1. Lyrica® CR extended-release tablets [prescribing information]. Morgantown, WV: Viartis; April 2025.
2. Neurontin® capsules, tablets, oral solution [prescribing information]. Morgantown, WV: Viartis; April 2025.
3. Lyrica capsules and oral solution [prescribing information]. Morgantown, WV: Viartis; April 2025.
4. Gruver C, Guthmiller KB. Postherpetic Neuralgia. [Updated 2023 Apr 17]. In: StatPearls [Internet]. Treasure Island (FL): StatPearls Publishing; 2025 Jan-. Available at: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK493198/>. Accessed on April 24, 2026
5. American Diabetes Association Professional Practice Committee for Diabetes. 12. Retinopathy, Neuropathy, and Foot Care: Standards of Care in Diabetes – 2026. *Diabetes Care*. 2026 Jan 1;49(Supplement_1):S261-S276

6. Price R, Smith D, Franklin G, et al. Oral and topical treatment of painful diabetic polyneuropathy: Practice Guideline update summary. Report of the AAN Guideline Subcommittee. *Neurology*. 2022;98(1):31-43.
7. Handelsman Y, Bloomgarden ZT, Grunberger G, et al. American Association of Clinical Endocrine clinical practice guideline: Developing a diabetes mellitus comprehensive care plan – 2022 update. *Endocr Pract*. 2022;28(10): P923-1049.
8. Macfarlane GJ, Kronisch C, Dean LE, et al. EULAR revised recommendations for the management of fibromyalgia. *Ann Rheum Dis*. 2017;76: e54.
9. Winkelman JW, Berkowski JA, DelRosso LM, et al. Treatment of restless legs syndrome and periodic limb movement disorder: an American Academy of Sleep Medicine clinical practice guideline. *J Clin Sleep Med*. 2025;21(1):137-152.
10. Khan M. Restless Legs Syndrome and Other Common Sleep-Related Movement Disorders. *Continuum (Minneapolis)*. 2023;29(4):1130-1148.
11. Garcia-Borreguero D, Silber MH, Winkelman JW, et al. Guidelines for the first-line treatment of restless legs syndrome/Willis-Ekbom disease, prevention and treatment of dopaminergic augmentation: a combined task force of the IRLSSG, EURLSSG, and the RLS-foundation. *Sleep Med*. 2016; 21:1-11.

Revision Details

Summary of Changes	Review Date	Effective Date
<p>Neuropathic Pain Associated with Diabetic Peripheral Neuropathy, Postherpetic Neuralgia.</p> <p>Added `if brand Lyrica CR is requested, the patient meets BOTH of the following (i) Patient has tried generic pregabalin extended-release tablets; AND (ii) Patient cannot continue to use the generic due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., differences in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product, which, according to the prescriber, would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction.</p> <p>Added `Patient has tried gabapentin immediate-release (brand [Neurontin] or generic)' as an alternative to generic immediate-release pregabalin</p>	4/25/2024	8/1/2024
No criteria changes.	4/24/2025	7/1/2025
No criteria changes.	4/30/2026	5/15/2026

The policy effective date is in force until updated or retired.

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